

1. E. perpetration of "Robbery" or its "conspiracy" by defendants.

1. By 720 ILCS 5/18-1 "Robbery" and penalty for it are defined as follows:

(a) A person commits Robbery when he or she takes property, ..., from the person or presence of another by the use of force or by threatening the imminent use of force.

(b) sentence: Robbery is a class 2 felony.

2. According to 720 ILCS 5/15-1 "property" means anything of value. Property includes samples, cultures, microorganism, specimens,

3. 720 ILCS 5/15-9 states "value" of property consisting of any commercial instrument concerning anything of value, labor, or services, or otherwise of value to the owner shall be

4. offense of robbery is complete when force or threat of force causes the victim to part with possession or custody of property against his will. People v. Shaw, 239 Ill. Dec. 311, 713 N.E.2d 161, 186 Ill. 2d 301.

5. prisoners' DNA is their personal "property" and is of value to them as DNA of every person, including but not limited. To law enforcement officers and correctional officers, is their personal property and is value for them.

6. Collection of DNA sample from convicted prisoners

in the custody of I.DOC is governed by 734 ILCS

5/5-4-3.

7. Prisoners in the custody of I.DOC whose conviction was not for a qualifying offense, were not required by 734 ILCS 5/5-4-3 to provide their DNA sample for genetic marker group unless a date was due for their final discharge or release on parole or mandatory supervised release.

8. For the purpose of Genetic marker group testing Plaintiff's conviction was not for a "qualifying offense" as described in 734 ILCS 5/5-4-3 (2004).

9. There was no date due for Plaintiff's final discharge or release on parole or mandatory supervised release when his DNA samples were taken on 12-29-04 and on 1-12-05 against his desire after hand-cuffing him.

10. On 12-29-04 and 1-12-05 Plaintiff was robbed of his property (DNA) by defendant JOHN DOE IX because under 734 ILCS 5/5-4-3 Plaintiff was not required to provide his DNA sample for the purpose of genetic marker group testing.

11. On 12-29-04 and on 1-12-05 both Plaintiff's DNA was taken against his desire after hand-cuffing him.

12. Robbery of DNA of Plaintiff and other prisoners, who were not required by 734 ILCS 5/5-4-3 to provide their DNA sample, was authorized by Director

Walker and his staff at ~~the~~ Springfield, wardens of all IDOC facilities including by wardens Briley, Walker, McAdory, Tinsley, and Uchitman.

13. Robbery of Plaintiff's DNA was ordered by Major Jaenke, CDT Diercks and Lt. C. Parnell.

14. CDT Dillman, Lt. John Doe X and Lt. John Doe XI, Mr. Mane, Lt. Wilson, Andrew N., Mr. Locke, Michael R., Major Mastin, GO Jerry Goforth, John Doe V, John Doe VI, and Mr. Fairchild all agreed to the robbery of DNA of Plaintiff and other prisoners.

15. For failure of Plaintiff to provide his DNA sample voluntarily he was given following punishments:

a. 3 month C Grade

b. 3 months Segregation

c. 3 months commissary restriction

d. 3 months audio/visual restriction

e. 1 month yard restriction

f. Restitution of \$148 paid to one for the false charge of burning buccal swab kit.

16. Plaintiff also suffered mental frustration and emotional distress.

17. On 12-29-04, Plaintiff was escorted by Lieutenant C. Parnell, John Doe X, and by John Doe XI from the office of Bureau of Identification to Health care

unit at mce in hand cuffed position for the purpose
of taking involuntary dna sample of plaintiff.

18. After involuntary dna blood was taken from plaintiff
he was escorted from health care unit to segregation
unit by John Doe XI

6. Violation of "due process of law" and conspiracy for it by defendants
Under substantive due process no person can be deprived of by any state of his life, liberty and property without a justified cause, no matter what procedure is used by the state for deprivation.

2. Perpetration of robbery of plaintiff's property "DNA" by defendants mentioned in section F. (pp 31-34) violated plaintiff's rights under substantive due process of law.

3. Perpetration of conspiracy of robbery of plaintiff's property "DNA" by defendants mentioned in section F. (pp 31-34) was conspiracy of violation of plaintiff's right under substantive due process of law.

4. Under procedural due process

- a. no person can be deprived by any state of his life, liberty, or property without due process of law;
- b. in the absence of an immediate necessity of quick action whenever it is practically possible due process of law requires state to provide, before deprivation, a notice and an opportunity of hearing at a reasonable time and

1. in a reasonable manner, to the defendant.

5. Notice at a reasonable time means that before hearing the defendant be given reasonable amount of time and opportunity to collect evidences necessary for his defense to each charge alleged against him in the notice.

6. Opportunity of hearing in a meaningful manner means the defendant be given a reasonable opportunity to present at hearing all the evidences relevant to his defense why he should not be deprived of his life liberty or property.

7. The purpose of procedural due process is to protect individuals from deprivation by states to their life, liberty, and property without a justified cause even by mistake.

8. On 12-29-⁰⁴ Plaintiff was deprived of his liberty and his property by placing him in the segregation unit of MCC by defendants, ~~even~~ without any notice of charges against him.

9. At that time on the record aggression level of plaintiff was 5 which is considered low.

10. Plaintiff had no history of any aggressive behavior during his entire stay in IDOC facilities.

11. There was no necessity of any quick and immediate action of confinement of Plaintiff.

in the segregation unit without his property when he had refused to provide his DNA sample voluntarily without consulting his attorney first.

12. notice of charges doc SMA-526 was never shown or served to Plaintiff as fraudulently stated by Mr. WITTHOPP in 1C

13. Plaintiff was served notice of charges against him (doc SMA-526) more than 35 hours after he was placed into segregation unit

14. Plaintiff never received any notice about the date and time of hearing for the charges against him.

15. Plaintiff was given no opportunity to obtain and present evidences in evidentiary hearing requested by him for his defense.

16. The sole purpose of quick and immediate confinement of Plaintiff in segregation unit was to disable him from obtaining any evidence of his innocence to present at evidentiary hearing.

17. If due process had been followed then Plaintiff would have been found of not guilty of all the charges against him by an impartial jury.

18. The procedure used by Defendants for deprivation of liberty and property of Plaintiff violated due process of law.

19. All charges and witness in doc SMA-526 & SMA-526 were false.

19. The same confinement procedure is commonly used for confinement of all prisoners at IDOC facilities specially at mce.

20. The ~~state~~ purpose of using this procedure is to keep segregation unit nearly full all the time.

21. Defendants are aware that this procedure violates due process of law.

22. The procedure used for confinement of Plaintiff and other prisoners in segregation unit had been authorized by ~~ward~~ director Walker and by wardens of IDOC facilities including but not limited to by warden Uchman.

23. Plaintiff's right under procedural due process was violated by defendants Major Jaenkee, Major Mane, Major Martin, Lt. C. Parnell, Lt. John Doe #1, Ms. Wilson, Andrew N and by Locke, Michael R.

24. Defendants Grievance officer Vesey Go forth, John Doe #1, John Doe #6, Mr. Fairchild and John Doe ^{all} agreed for violation of Plaintiff's right under due process of law.

25. As a result of violation of Plaintiff's right under due process of law Plaintiff suffered injuries mentioned in section E 9.9.15, 16 (pp. 33).

26. The normal and routine procedure used for confinement of Plaintiff has been authorized by Director Walker and by ~~the~~ warden Uchman.

1. Obstruction in plaintiff's effort to exhaust administrative grievance procedure and conspiracy for it by defendants.
 1. Under Prison Litigation Reform Act (PLRA) all prisoners are required to exhaust available administrative grievance procedure before filing any civil lawsuit against prison employees in state and/or federal courts.
 2. The purpose of this requirement was to reduce expensive and unnecessary lawsuits against department employees, for their misconduct and for violation of legal rights of prisoners, which can be easily and quickly resolved through grievance procedure by higher level administration in a reasonable manner.
 3. This requirement of PLRA is being widely used by rac administration for taking affirmative defence of prisoners plaintiff's failure to exhaust administrative grievance procedure in civil lawsuits filed by prisoners against department employees by creating as many as possible obstacles as possible in prisoners' efforts to exhaust administrative grievance procedure.
 4. During 11-12 to 11-15-01 on average 350 - 400 grievance per month were filed by prisoners at

scc facility and more than 94% of these grievances were never ruled by any one ~~but~~ and Warden Briley was fully aware of it.

5. During 2002 to 2005 uncountable numbers of prisoners' grievances were not ruled at all and all the wardens of msc facilities were aware of it.

6. Director Walker is fully aware of these practices and has his authorization for it.

7. Plaintiff's grievances dated 2-27-04, and 7-11-04 were destroyed by Counselor Lawrence.

8. Copies of these grievances and her responses to these grievances ~~to~~ from grievance office record were destroyed by GO Debi Middendorf.

9. Destruction of prisoners' grievances by Counselor Lawrence, and other counselors and grievance officers was authorized by wardens McAdory, Hinsley and Uchman and by Director Walker.

10. Defendants Tyone Murray, Fairchild, John Doe I, John Doe II, John Doe IV, John Doe XI and John Doe XIII were all agreed with destruction of plaintiff's grievances by counselor Lawrence and by grievance officer Debi Middendorf.

11. As a result of these actions and conspiracy plaintiff incurred substantial unnecessary grievance and complaint related expenses of ~~re~~ 100.00.

violation of Department rule and conspiracy for it by Defendants.

"Department Rule 504.810 of states: A committed person shall first attempt to resolve incidents, problems, or complaints other than complaints concerning disciplinary proceedings through his or her counselor. If a committed person is unable to resolve the complaint informally or if the complaint concerns a disciplinary proceeding, the individual may file a written grievance on a grievance form which shall be made available in all living units. A grievance shall be filed within 6 months after the discovery of the incident, occurrence, or problem which gives rise to the grievance or within 6 months after the receipt of a decision concerning an informal resolution thereof. However, if the committed person can demonstrate that a grievance was not timely filed for good cause, the grievance shall be considered. (emphasis added).

See doc. SMA-504.810 419

Department Rule 504.830 of states:

"The grievance officer shall consider the grievance and report his or her findings and recommendations.

actions in writing to the Chief Administrative Officer within 30 days after the grievance is received by the officer, whenever possible. The Chief Administrative Officer shall advise the committed person of the decision in writing within 15 days whenever possible.

see doc. SMA-419

3. Reasonable time for delivery of institutional mail from prisoner to a staff member of his facility is one working day.
4. Reasonable time for delivery of U.S. mail from prisoner to a staff member of his facility is two working days or less.
5. Receipt of plaintiff's grievance dated 1-23-05 mailed on 1-23-05 was acknowledged by GO Jersey Goforth on 2-4-05, ~~1/2~~ days after it was mailed by plaintiff.
6. This grievance was ruled by GO Goforth on 6-22-05, 138 days after he had acknowledged receipt of plaintiff's grievance.
7. It was reasonably possible for GO Goforth to submit his report to CAS within the time frame specified in Department Rule 5&4.830 (d).

see doc. SMA-292

8. Receipt of plaintiff's grievance dated 1-31-01

mailed on 1-31-01 was acknowledged by Grievance office on 2-6-01, 6 days after it was mailed by plaintiff.

Even though this grievance was available in her office, existence of this grievance was denied by GO Georgia Schonauer.

Georgia Schonauer has history of denying existence of prisoners' grievances in her office.

Plaintiff's grievance dated 1-31-01 was ruled by GO Ruffin on 9-20-01, 226 days after the grievance receipt was acknowledged by Grievance office.

It was reasonably possible for GO Schonauer, and GO Griffin to ~~not~~ submit their report to CAO within timeframe specified in Department Rule 504.83(d).

see doc. SMA-24

Grievance officers have been authorized by Director Walker, and by IDOC facility wardens, including but not limited to by wardens Beriley, McAdory, Hinsley and Uchiman to rule or not to rule at all inmate grievances whenever they want.

This authorization violates Department Rule 504.83(d)

Mr. John Doe I, John Doe II, John Doe III,

John Doe IV, John Doe VI, John Doe VII, Mr. Fairchild, and AWP Catching all agreed to the violation of Department Rule 504.83A (1) by defendants and by other grievance offices.

16. As a result of this conspiracy plaintiff has incurred substantial additional unnecessary expenses in exhaustion of administrative grievance procedure and in litigation.

17. Full extent of plaintiff's injury is not yet known.

1. violation of equal protection of law and conspiracy for it by defendants.

2. the fourteenth Amendment to U.S. Constitution forbids a state to "deny any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of laws."

3. Constitution of Illinois also forbids unequal treatment of similarly situated persons.

2. the equal protection of law forbids discrimination or unequal treatment of similarly situated persons if unequal treatment has no rational relationship with any legitimate governmental interest.

3. when his opponent plaintiff is not a prisoner and if he is represented by a competent and diligent attorney then (a) Mr. Comberison does not make fraudulent statements to court and (b) he does not incite or involve in conspiracy for any illegal conduct with his clients.

4. Mr. Comberison has made fraudulent statements mentioned in ¶ B.2 (pp 14-15) to the court; (b) he has conspired with Chaplain Keim, and his clients Chaplain Peterson and Warden Bailey to sign affidavits prepared by Mr. Comberison with fraudulent statements mentioned in paragraph B.3 (pp 15-16); (c) and he had initiated the

conspiracy mentioned in section E for violation
of plaintiff's right to exercise his religion.

5. By these actions of Mr. Lamberton plaintiff
was treated differently than those mentioned in
paragraph 3 of this section because plaintiff
was pro se and he was in the custody of FDOC
and Mr. Lamberton had substantial influence on
FDOC officials.

6. This difference in the treatment of plaintiff had
no rational relationship with any legitimate
governmental and/or penological interest.

7. All plaintiffs are similarly situated.
8. Chaplain Keim, Chaplain Peterson, and
Warden Bailey all agreed with Mr. Lamberton
to sign affidavits with fraudulent statements to
be submitted to the court.

9. Mr. Lamberton has violated plaintiff's right
for equal protection under state and federal
constitution.

10. Mr. Lamberton, Chaplain Keim, Chaplain Peterson,
and Warden Bailey ~~had~~ have participated in the
conspiracy to violate plaintiff's rights ~~as~~ under
equal protection of law provided by state and
federal constitution.

federal constitution

11. Plaintiff can has incurred substantial unnecessary litigation expenses; or has suffered pain at hunger, mental frustration and emotional distress.

12. Full extent of the injury is not yet known to Plaintiff.

13. While defendants mentioned in section "E" conspired to force Plaintiff, without any legal authority, to provide his DNA specimen for the purpose of genetic marker group analysis, prison staff was not required to provide DNA specimen for the purpose of genetic marker group analysis.

14. For the purpose of genetic marker group analysis, Plaintiff and prison staff were similarly situated.

15. By actions of defendants mentioned in section "F" Plaintiff was treated differently and there was no rational basis for dissimilar treatment of Plaintiff.

16. Director Snyder, Director Walker, and wardens of FDOC facilities, including but not limited to wardens Bailey, McAdory, Tinsley, Uchman, were deliberately indifferent to violation of legal rights of prisoners including Plaintiff by their staff, but they were very vigilant to protect legal rights of

prison employees.

17. with regard to violation of available legal rights, prisoners and prison staff are similarly situated.

18. dissimilar treatment of plaintiff and other prisoners with regard to violation of available legal rights has no rational relationship with any legitimate governmental or penological interest.

1. Perpetration of "official misconduct" and conspiracy for it by defendants

1. 720 T.L.C.S. 5/33-3 states: A public officer or an employee commits a misconduct when, in his official capacity, he commits any of the following acts:

(a) intentionally or recklessly fails to perform any mandatory duty as required by law; or

(b) knowingly performs an act which he knows he is forbidden by law to perform; or

(c) with intent to obtain a personal advantage for himself or another, he performs an act in excess of his lawful authority; or

(d) solicits or knowingly accepts for the performance of any act a fee or reward which he knows is not authorized by law.

2. A public officer or employee convicted of violating any provision of this section forfeits his office or employment. In addition he commits a class 3 felony.

3. Forgery, fraud, ~~or~~ extortion with threat, robbery, violation of department rules, violation of legal rights of Plaintiff, obstruction in grievance procedure by defendants mentioned

(a)

in previous sections, were all official misconducts; (b) conspiracy for these conduct was conspiracy of official misconduct.

4. All aforementioned conspiracies are part of an ongoing grand conspiracy of official misconduct for violation of legal rights of prisoners and for violation of department rules.

5. By TDOC administration its employees are given full freedom to treat prisoners in whatever manner they want whenever they want with no accountability for their official misconduct ^{for} violation of legal rights of prisoners, or department rules.

6. In general there is no difference in the criminal mentality of prisoners and staff.

7. Department of corrections is serving one single purpose to provide job to family members, friends, of TDOC employees and to election campaign contributors to do as little work as they want at salary and wages they cannot receive elsewhere.

8. To serve this purpose anti-rehabilitational practice and policies are promoted at correctional facilities.

9. Criminal minded staff and criminal minded administration is encouraging criminal mentality ~~at~~ among its residents.

10. Like father like son. Like warden like wards. A tree is best recognized by its fruits.

11. various kind of official misconduct such as forgery, fraud, abuse and/or misuse of tax payers' money, violation of legal rights of prisoners, violation of Department Rules etc and conspiracy for these offenses are normal and routine way of doing everyday business behind the closed walls of IDOC prison facilities.

VI CLAIM OF RELIEF

1. The acts, omissions, and conduct of Defendants
Director Walker, Director Snyder, Warden McAdory,
Warden Hinsley, Warden Bailey, Warden Uchman,
and Captain, Assistant Attorney General of
Illinois Mr. Camberison, John Doe I, John Doe II,
John Doe III, John Doe IV, John Doe V, John Doe
VI stated in section V A were done maliciously
and constituted forgery, official misconduct
and/or conspiracy of these offenses in violation
of 42 U.S.C §§ 1985, 1986.

2. The acts, omissions, and conduct of Defendants
Camberison, Bailey, Chaplain Peterson,
Chaplain Keim
and Davis stated in section V B were done
maliciously and constituted fraud, official
misconduct and/or conspiracy of these offenses
in violation of 42 U.S.C §§ 1985, 1986.

3. The acts, omissions, and conduct of Defendants
Camberison, John Doe VII stated in section
V C were done maliciously and constituted
extortion with threat, ~~and~~ official misconduct
and/or conspiracy of these offenses in violation
of 42 U.S.C §§ 1985, 1986.

4. 735 ILCS 5/13-2&2.1 violates equal protection
clause of XIV Amendment to U.S. Constitution.

5. The acts, omissions, and conduct of defendants Director Walker, Director Snyder, Warden McAdoy, Warden Hinsley, Warden Uchman, Warden Bailey, Mr. Lamberton, Chaplain Petersen, Chaplain Reim, Asst. Spiller, Ms. Winters, GO Middendorf, Counselor Lawrence, Mr. Fairchild, John Doe I, John Doe II, John Doe III, John Doe IV, John Doe V, John Doe VI, John Doe VII stated in section V E were done maliciously and constituted violation of Plaintiff's right to exercise his religion under state and federal constitution, RFRAIC, and RLUIPA and official misconduct and/or conspiracy of these offenses in violation of 42 U.S.C. §§ 1985, 1986.

6. The acts, omissions, and conduct of defendants Director Walker, Warden McAdoy, Warden Hinsley, Warden Uchman, Warden Bailey, Mr. Fairchild, Warden Walls, Major Jaenke, Mr. DIERCKS CIDT, Lt. Parnell, Mr. Wilson, Ms. Locke, Major Martin, Major Maue, GO GOFORTH, John Doe I, John Doe II, John Doe III, John Doe IV, John Doe V, John Doe VI, John Doe VII, John Doe VIII, John Doe IX, John Doe X, John Doe XI, stated in section V E were done maliciously, and constituted robbery and official misconduct and/or conspiracy of these offenses in violation of 42 U.S.C. §§ 1985, 1986.

7. The acts, omissions, and conduct of defendants Director Walker, Warden Uchman, Mr. Fischel, Major Jaenke, C. Pannell, Mr. Wilson, Mr. Coche, Major Martin, Major mane, GO Goforth, John Doe I, John Doe V, John Doe VI, John Doe XI stated in section V. G. were done maliciously and constituted violation of due process, official misconduct, and/or conspiracy for these offenses in violation of 42 U.S.C §§ 1985, 1986.

8. The acts, omissions, and conduct of defendants Director Walker, Warden McAdory, Warden Hinsley, Warden Uchman, Counselor Lawrence, GO middendorf, Mr. Fischel, GO Murray, GO Schonauer, John Doe I, John Doe III, John Doe IV, John Doe VI, John Doe VIII stated in section VI. H. were done maliciously and constituted obstruction in justice, official misconduct, and/or conspiracy for these offenses in violation of 42 U.S.C §§ 1985, 1986.

9. The acts, omissions, and conduct of defendants Director Walker, Warden McAdory, Warden Hinsley, Warden Uchman, Warden Barley, Mr. Fischel, GO Goforth, GO Schonauer, GO Ruffin, John Doe I, John Doe II, John Doe III, John Doe IV, John Doe VI, AWP Catching, John Doe VIII stated in section V. I. were done maliciously, and constituted violation of Department Rule, official misconduct and/or

conspiracy of these offenses in violation of 42 U.S.C. §§ 1985, 1986.

10. The acts, omissions, and conduct of defendants Director Walker, Warden McAdory, Warden Grinsley, Warden Uchitman, Warden Briley, Mr. Fairchild, Warden Walls, Major Jaenke, Mr. Dieschke CID, Major Maue, GO Goforth, CC Passner, Mr. Wilson, Mr. Coche, Major Martin, Chaplain Keim, Chaplain Peterson, Mr. Lamberson, John Doe I, John Doe V, John Doe VI, John Doe IX, John Doe X, John Doe XI, stated in sections V B, F, and E were done maliciously and constituted official misconduct, violation of equal protection of law and/or conspiracy for these offenses in violation of 42 U.S.C. §§ 1985, 1986.

VII. RELIEF REQUESTED

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff requests that following relief be granted by the court:

A. issue a declaratory judgment stating that:

1. defendants Director Roger E. Walker Jr., Director Donald M. Snyder Jr., Warden Eugene McAdory, Warden Charles L. Hinsley, Warden Kenneth R. Bailey, Warden Alan Ochman, A.W.P. Catching, Assistant Attorney General of Illinois Andrew W. Lamberton, John Doe I, John Doe II, John Doe III, John Doe IV, John Doe V, and John Doe VI have violated 42 U.S.C. §§ 1985, 1986 by conspiracy of forgery and official misconduct for violation of legal rights of Plaintiff.

2. defendants Kenneth R. Bailey, Andrew W. Lamberton, Chaplain Peterson, and Anthony Davis have violated 42 U.S.C. §§ 1985, 1986 by conspiracy of fraud and official misconduct for violation of legal rights of Plaintiff. In addition Mr. Lamberton has committed perjury.

3. defendants Andrew W. Lamberton, and John Doe VII have violated 42 U.S.C. §§ 1985, 1986 by conspiracy of extortion with threat.

4. statute 735.11CS 5/13-202.1(d) violates equal protection of law.

5. Defendants Director Walker, Director Snyder, Warden McAdory, Warden Hinsley, Warden Uchman, Warden Bziley, Mr. Camberson, Chaplain Peterson, Chaplain Reim, AWP ~~protect~~ Spiller, Mr. Wintress, Go Middendorf, Counselor Lawrence, Mr. Fairchild, John Doe I, John Doe II, John Doe III, John Doe IV, ~~and~~ John Doe ~~V~~, and John Doe XIII have violated 42 U.S.C §§ 1985, 1986 by conspiracy for misconduct and for violation of civil rights of Plaintiff.

6. Defendants Director Walker, Warden McAdory, Warden Hinsley, Warden Uchman, Warden Bziley, Mr. Fairchild, Warden Walls, Major Jaenke, Mr. Dierckx CDT, CC Parnell, Mr. Wilson, Mr. Locke, Major Martin, Major Mau, Grievance Officer Goforth, John Doe I, John Doe V, John Doe VI, John Doe IX, John Doe X, John Doe XI have violated 42 U.S.C §§ 1985, 1986 by conspiracy for robbery and for official misconduct for violation of legal rights of Plaintiff.

7. Defendants Director Walker, Warden Uchman, Mr. Fairchild, Major Jaenke, CC Parnell, Mr. Wilson, Mr. Locke, Major Martin, Major Mau, Grievance Officer Goforth, John Doe I, John Doe V, John Doe VI, John Doe XI have violated 42 U.S.C §§ 1985, 1986 by conspiracy for official misconduct and for violation of due process of law.

8. defendants Director Walker, Warden McAdory, Warden Hinsley, Warden Uchman, Counselor Lawrence, Grievance officers Middendorf, Mr. Murray, ~~Mr.~~ Schoenauer, Mr. Fairchild, John Doe I, John Doe II, John Doe IV, John Doe VI, John Doe VIII have violated 42 U.S.C. §§ 1985, 1986 by conspiracy for official misconduct and for obstruction of justice by obstruction in plaintiff's effort to exhaust administrative grievance procedure.

9. defendants Director Walker, Warden McAdory, Warden Hinsley, Warden Uchman, Warden Bailey, Mr. Fairchild, Go Goforth, Go Schonauer, Go Ruffin, John Doe I, John Doe II, John Doe III, John Doe IV, John Doe VI, AWP Corning, John Doe VII have violated 42 U.S.C. §§ 1985, 1986 by conspiracy for violation of department rules and for official misconduct for violation of legal rights of plaintiff.

10. defendants Director Walker, Warden McAdory, Warden Hinsley, Warden Uchman, Warden Bailey, Mr. Fairchild, Warden Walls, Major Jaenke, CDR Diescke, Major Mau, Go Goforth, Lt. Parnell, Mr. Wilson, Mr. Locke, Major Martin, Chaplain Reim, Chaplain Peterson, Mr. Comberison, John Doe I, John Doe V, John Doe VI, John Doe IX, John Doe X, John Doe XI have violated 42 U.S.C. §§ 1985, 1986, by conspiracy

for official misconduct and for violation of plaintiff's rights under equal protection of law.

B. Award nominal, compensatory, and punitive damages as determined by Jury at trial.

C. Grant such other relief as it may appear plaintiff is entitled.

I declare under the penalty of perjury that all the documents attached with this complaint are genuine copy of original documents and all the facts stated in this complaint are true and correct to the best of my knowledge, information and belief.

Respectfully submitted,

Date: 10-20-05 SIGNED: Shree Mohan Agrawal
(plaintiff)

ID #: E-69774

Address: Menard Correctional Center

P.O. Box 711

Menard, IL 62259